

DIDSBURY PIONEER

EDMONTON, Alta
Provincial Library Dec 31

VOL. XXXVIII,

DIDSBURY, ALBERTA. THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1941

\$2.00 per Year. 5 Cents a Copy

Ice Carnival Aids Red Cross

To help along with the Didsbury Red Cross effort, Harry Gabel, the local rink manager, staged an ice carnival here on Wednesday evening last. A large number of skaters attended and the carnival was very successful with net profits of \$20.00 being handed over to the Red Cross Society.

The winners of the costume events were: patriotic costume; June Parsons, Arlene Dageforde; comic; Harold Klein, Jean Rennie; best couple skating to a waltz, Doreen Gillrie and Lloyd Ringheim, Alma Cunningham and Hector Lamont. One of the features of the evening was the costume and skating of little Arlene Dageforde, who is only 4 years old.

Races were won as follows—

Girls: 12 and under, Shirley Liesemer, Muriel Devolin; 14 and under, Marguerite Fisher, Shirley Liesemer; 16 and under, Doreen Gillrie, Reta Mae Fawcett; open, Reta Mae Fawcett, Irene Durant.

Boys, 10 and under, Johnny Wiebe, Stanley Gole; 12 and under, Royden Moon, Jackie Cummins; 14 and under, Ken Noble, Royden Moon; 16 and under, Glen Leva-good, Bernal Rinehart; open, Lawrence Gabel, Earl Cummins.

High School Hockey Aids War Effort

The Didsbury High School hockey team has taken on a bigger job than usual this year. First, the boys are providing the public with a smart brand of hockey well worth seeing. Secondly, they are planning to buy a \$5.00 War Savings Certificate every week as long as the hockey season lasts. The scheme, to be successful, needs your support—and so far the public has co-operated splendidly.

Probably you had a ticket on the first home game. If not, we know that you will try to have one on the next. Tickets will be offered by the boys of the team each week at 15c each or 2 for 25c. A ticket entitles you to see the game as well as giving you a chance on the draw for the Certificate. All ticket stubs are placed in a box and between the second and third periods of the game the draw is made. The lucky winner of the first draw last Tuesday night was Mr. J. C. McCulloch, of Didsbury.

Be sure to be on hand for the next home game. We know that you will be pleasantly surprised at the brand of hockey played by our High School team. You will be helping Canada's War Effort as well.

Baden Powell Memorial Service

The Boy Scouts and Girl Guides of Didsbury, along with all the similar groups throughout Canada, will hold a memorial service in honor of their Chief Scout and founder, Lord Baden Powell, who passed away in South Africa last week.

The service will be held at the United Church on Sunday evening, January 19th, and Rev. J. M. Fawcett will give the address.

All the groups of the Boy Scouts and Girl Guides are asked to gather at the church at 7:15.

Sorority Social

The first social evening of the Kappa Gamma Rho Sorority was held in the Legion Hall on Saturday, January 11th.

The event, which was a "Sadie Hawkins" dance, was well patronized by young people from Olds, Carstairs and Didsbury, also by the Monarch Mission hockey boys from Calgary.

We wish to take this opportunity of thanking Mr. Bob Barrett, who carried out his duties as master-of-ceremonies very efficiently.

Similar parties are being planned for the future. The next meeting of the Kappa Gamma Rho Sorority will be held at the home of Bernice Tighe this evening, Thursday, January 16th.

Dr. Clarke Takes Vacation at Coast

Dr. J. L. Clarke left on Monday by plane for Vancouver and will take a rest at the coast for about six weeks.

During his absence his practice will be taken care of by Dr. Hartman, of Olds, who will be at Dr. Clarke's office from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. each day.

Miss Helen Hartman will be at the office during the day to receive any telephone calls.

Premature Gopher Meets Untimely End

From Billy Parker, son of B. T. Parker, east of town, we have it that spring is just around the corner. Saturday morning he espied a gopher beside a granary on their place. Going to the house for his rifle, he quickly put the gopher into an eternal state of hibernation.

Rosebud Health District First Board Meeting

The first meeting of the board of the Rosebud Health district was held in Didsbury on Monday afternoon, when the following members were present: B. C. Trimble, Mt. View; N. S. Clarke, Westerdale; A. S. Gough, Rosebud; Geo. Haag, Beaver Dam; J. R. Jackson, Waterloo; A. A. Dunkley, Olds; M. H. Foster, Carstairs and J. E. Gooder, Didsbury.

Dr. Bow, of the Department of Health, Edmonton, and the medical officer, Dr. J. A. McPherson, were also present.

N. S. Clarke was appointed chairman of the board and J. E. Gooder secretary. It was decided that the executive should comprise of the medical officer, Dr. McPherson, the chairman and secretary.

Dr. M. R. Bow outlined the work of the Health Unit and said that the staff which had been appointed by the Department consisted of the medical officer, Dr. McPherson; two nurses, Miss Margaret Hargrave and Miss Mary Dunn; sanitary inspector, Mr. J. C. Mooney, and secretary-technician, Miss Beth Wrigglesworth.

He said that while a good deal of the work was taken up with the visiting of schools and the examination and immunization of school children, they were anxious that parents take their pre-school age children to the different schools to be examined. He pointed out that during the first five or six years of its life a child was more subject to contracting disease and that preventive measures could be taken to the best advantage during that period. It was intended that every child in the district should be examined every two years by the doctor, while the nurses would examine the children in the alternate year. Lectures on health would also be given under the auspices of different societies and child welfare clinics would also be held.

Dr. McPherson reported on the work already done and stated that during the winter months visits were being made to the outlying districts not so accessible in the spring.

The report was adopted and the doctor was asked to prepare a detailed report at the end of January for presentation to the annual meetings of the municipalities.

The financial statement was read by Dr. Bow and was approved in the motion of Messrs. Jackson and Trimble.

It was suggested that a motion-picture projector be purchased to be used in giving lectures on health subjects in the schools. The executive were authorized to make the necessary purchase.

The board will meet every three months, the next meeting being called for April 7th.

Alberta's delegation to the Sirois convention is composed of six cabinet ministers, including the premier, and three deputies. Leaving Friday, Premier Aberhart was scheduled to address a Winnipeg meeting the following day before proceeding East. It is thought that the length of the conference, which opened Tuesday, may postpone the legislative session due to commence February 14 the date set some time ago.

DIDSBURY MARKETS

BUTTERFAT	
Delivered Basis at Crystal Dairy	
Special	33c
No. 1	31c
No. 2	26c
Table cream	32c

EGGS	
Grade A Large	17c
Grade A Medium	15c
Pullets	14c
Grade B	13c
Grade C	11c

Mild Weather Delays Bonspiel

The Didsbury Bonspiel, which was to have started on Monday morning, was delayed by the soft weather and did not get underway until Tuesday evening. Seventeen rinks have entered. The following are the results up to 5 o'clock on Wednesday evening:

ROSEBUD	
16's	
Huget	beat Caithness
Sinclair	.. Cameron, C'field
Ontkes	.. McNaughton
Crossfield	
Kaufman	.. Rettie, Carstairs
Wordie	.. Lee, Cartairs
Heselon	.. Hesketh, Crossfield
McCloy	.. McGregor, C'mona
CITIZENS	
16's	
Sinclair	beat McGregor, C'mona
Ontkes	.. Caithness
Crossfield	
Fisher	.. Cameron, Crossfield
Liesemer	.. Heselon
Carstairs	

Farewell Party

A few friends gathered at the home of Mrs. Bill Ranton, Wednesday afternoon last, to bid goodbye to Miss Rena Mowers, who has been transferred to the Royal Bank at Hanna. The guest of honor was presented with a small coal scuttle of quarters, with which she was to purchase a silver remembrance.

Miss Mowers had been very active among the younger set and was connected with various clubs. She had also been one of the leaders in the Girl Guide movement.

Her friends all wish her every success in her new home.

WEDDINGS

DEDELS-ONTKEAN

A quiet wedding took place in Calgary on January 4th, 1941, when Miss Helen Ontkean, of Lethbridge, became the bride of Gunner Earl Dedels (13th Battery, R.C.A.), fourth son of Mr. A. H. Dedels and the late Mrs. Dedels. Rev. George R. Upton, of the Pentecostal Tabernacle, was the officiating minister.

The couple were attended by Miss Jean Ontkean, sister of the bride, and Mr. Gottfried Tarnasky, of Medicine Hat. A reception followed at the Royal Hotel.

The newlyweds left last week for Winnipeg, where Gunner Dedels will continue his training with the artillery.

Knox United Church Notes

The subject for meditation on Sunday next will be "Activity, the Evidence of Life." This will be at Westcott at 11 a.m. and at the home of Mrs. B. Morphy at Westerdale. We will be pleased to see you at one of these services.

In the evening at Knox United a Memorial Service for the late Lord Robert Baden Powell will be observed by the Scout and Guide groups of Didsbury. Come with us as we pay tribute before God to a great and good man who served faithfully and well.

BIRTHS

At Didsbury General Hospital

January 10th, to Mr. and Mrs. Alec Snyder, Elktion, a son.

January 13th, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McIntyre, Carstairs, a son.

JANUARY CLEARANCE

Ladies
Silk and Wool Dresses
Regular 3.95 to \$7.95
for **\$2.95 \$3.95**
and **\$4.95**

House Dresses
Reg. \$1.95
for **\$1.50 and \$1.75**
Reg. \$1.00 for **79c**

Girls' Dresses and Coats
Greatly Reduced

THE NEW SHOPPE

More Horse Power
For Your Dollar

the New
W4 & W6 Gas Tractors

See the New **WD6**
Wheeled Diesel
on Rubber

— and save one-third to one-half of your fuel costs!

HAROLD E. OKE
Phone 10. Your I.H.C. Dealer

Chevrolet 1940
Master De Luxe Coach
WITH HEATER, ANTI-FREEZE, DEFROSTERS
RADIATOR FRONT
Only Gone 13,400 Miles

ADSHEAD GARAGE

PANTS for \$1.00

PURCHASE Your Spring Suit NOW!

With Every Hobberlin Made-to-Measure
Suit or Overcoat you get an Extra Pair of
PANTS for \$1.00

Prices from **\$24.50 to \$38.50**

J. V. BERSCHT & SONS

SPECIALS IN 2nd-Hand Furniture!

3-Piece Chesterfield Suite, Mohair, as is	\$19.50
3-Piece Chesterfield Suite, Tapestry, as is	\$45.00
2-Piece Davenport Suite, Tapestry, good	\$17.50
Dining Table, solid oak, round with 3 leaves	\$12.00
Dining Table, a very good walnut extension table, 2 leaves, in first class condition	\$19.50
2 Second-hand Washing Machines, complete with wringers, both in good condition	\$9.50

Also Second-hand Ranges and Heaters

Any of above may be purchased on our convenient monthly payment plan.

Reconditioned Gasoline Lamps, guaranteed as new
\$2.50 and \$3.00

Builders' Hardware Stores Ltd.

PHONES: Store, 7. Manager's Residence, 150

A Matter Of Survival

Napoleon is quoted as having said on one occasion that an army marches on its stomach which, being interpreted in simple terms, means that an army that is well fed is able to go places and do things. Conversely the army that is not well fed is likely to be defeated because of lack of stamina and vigor.

The truth of Napoleon's dictum is so universally recognized to-day that no country sends forth its uniformed men to battle without taking extraordinary measures to see that at all times the troops have ample supplies of well-cooked nourishing food. At no time in history have armies been as well fed as they are during the present war. The governments and the high commands of the combatant nations in the conflict now under way realize fully the effect of good nourishing food, not only upon the physical health of their fighting forces but upon their morale as well.

While the health and vigor of the troops is thus taken care of, the importance of bringing up and maintaining at the highest standard the health of the civilian population of the nation at war is apt to be regarded erroneously as a matter of secondary consideration.

In this age and generation it is accepted as axiomatic that, whether in uniform or not, the entire nation must bend all its energies to a vigorous prosecution of the war, which means that the worker in the factory, the yard and the mine turning out munitions, tanks, ships, planes, metals and all the impedimenta requisite to mechanized warfare; the farmer on the land producing foodstuffs to feed the combatants and civilian populations and the men at their desks directing these and other essential operations must be able to work at maximum efficiency.

The ability to work at maximum efficiency is dependent, not alone upon will power and good intention but these forces must be supplemented by sound, robust health, by physical well being. The health of the people at home who are buttressing the efforts of the forces on the fighting front must be buoyant, not only that valuable hours and days be not lost through sickness or half hearted effort, but that supreme effort can be maintained at all times. This is highly important at the present stage of the war when an unimpeded flow of maximum quantities of supplies of all kinds is vital to speedy success.

Ample But Deficient

In this country there can be no complaint of a lack of ample food. There is sufficient in bulk of some commodities to supply the needs of all the Canadian armed forces, the British armed forces and both Canadian and British civilian populations. Reserved stocks of some commodities afford testimony to that fact. There is a question, however, whether the constituents of the food in common use ensure that degree of nutriment essential to maximum health and therefore maximum production.

A survey of the United States department of agriculture in 1935-37 revealed that one half the population was living on a poor diet, 35 per cent. on a fair diet and only 15 per cent. on a good diet, and by good diet is meant one containing all the essentials to maximum health. Since the Canadian dietary is very similar to that in the U.S.A. is it not probable that a similar survey in this country would yield comparable results?

The cause of this prevalence of diet deficiency is not attributable to poverty, for the survey showed that people who were spending as much as \$50 per month for food were placed in the poor diet column.

According to Dr. Henry Borsook, professor of biochemistry of the California Institute of Technology at Pasadena, the situation is attributable to the general use of food stuffs which have lost some of the essential vitamins and minerals during highly refined processing in mills and factories. If that is so, and Dr. Borsook has plenty of support for his statements among scientific nutritional authorities, these elements so highly necessary to health must be restored and made available to all the people, and apparently it can be done at very little cost.

That Great Britain realizes the importance of providing the people with essential health giving minerals and vitamins in staple foods of universal consumption is evidenced by the new legislation requiring that vitamin B and calcium be added to all flour used in the manufacture of bread. This measure is regarded by Dr. Borsook as an "historic event in public health."

At The Source

This same authority declared in a recent news despatch that "the cheapest, easiest and most effective way of improving the nutrition of the nation is to add vitamins and minerals to such staple foods as flour, cornmeal, sugar and to some bottled and canned goods at the source. These must be added in measured amounts, under government regulation, and subject to government inspection."

Some remarkable results in the treatment of diseases due to deficient nutrition, by the use of pure chemicals are reported in the Reader's Digest by Paul de Kruif, an eminent bacteriologist. He visualizes the time is near at hand when it will be possible to make available to everybody "a vitamin supercharge that can be added to a cheap diet of sufficient calories. Two ounces of it per day, spread on a piece of bread will cost not more than twenty cents a pound. That's less than ten dollars a year for an abundance of the chemicals essential to human nutrition."

In time of peace health is vitally important. In wartime it is of still greater importance. In war, health spells survival.

For the annual "picnic of the states," a table one mile long was built along a tree-lined street in Ontario, Calif.

TWO WAYS TO PAY YOUR INCOME TAX

THE HARD WAY—

Forget about your sharply-increased wartime income tax until it becomes due on April 30, 1941. Then, no doubt, you will be rudely shocked by the size of the amount you will have to pay.

THE EASY WAY—

Plan now to take advantage of the government's offer to accept monthly instalments, without interest charge. The offer is explained in a pamphlet, which shows you how to ease the burden of your income tax by spreading it over an extended period permitting gradual adjustment of your spending and saving program. By doing this you not only simplify your own tax problem but you also help Canada's war effort by expediting collection of government revenue.

Extract from Booklet issued by Financial Counsel, Toronto-Montreal.

Saving Aluminum

Will Conserve Sufficient For Annual Production Of Planes

Through co-operation of manufacturers with G. C. Bateman, metals controller, it is hoped to conserve enough aluminum in Canada for the annual production of 3,000 airplanes, an official said.

It has not been necessary to issue a ban on non-essential use of aluminum since a voluntary agreement was reached with foil manufacturing companies to employ a substitute and it is in this particular cutting down on use of aluminum that the greatest saving is expected, the official said.

Some time ago Mr. Bateman called in representatives of foil companies and told them all available aluminum was needed for war purposes. They were asked to take the matter up with their customers and it was agreed a substitute would be used.

It is understood the conservation plan is well underway and instead of aluminum foil some manufacturers have decided to use waxed paper. Others are turning to a foil developed from a mixture of lead and tin.



Bee Hive Syrup

Your most Valuable Energy Food.

Scientific Instruments

Britain Gains Supremacy In Making These Delicate Machines

A triumph over their German rivals is announced by Britain's scientific instrument makers.

Before the war Canada invited the world to compete for a surveying aneroid required by the Dominion's Geographical Survey Department. They asked for an accuracy of 0.02 inches of mercury. The Germans said it was impossible. They flatly refused to try.

Britain decided to tackle the job. Two years' special research have been put in on it and now the makers are able to disclose the fact that they have done 10 times better than they were asked to do. They have achieved not the 0.02 inches of accuracy, but 0.002, or 1-10th of the error allowed by the specification.

"We lost heavily on it," said a member of the firm, "but the research we did has been of immense value."

To-day Britain's supremacy in making scientific instruments is shown by the world demand for them. Among her wartime customers are Argentina, Australia, Canada, New Zealand and South Africa.

When bombers are swung aboard ship at Montreal, their dashboards carry among much else temperature indicators, boost gauges, fuel press gauges, oil pump gauges, air-intake, thermometers and precision altimeters, all of them made in Great Britain.

The latest figures are eloquent of Britain's new supremacy. Before the war she was exporting about one-third the quantity of scientific instruments sold by her German rivals. During the first nine months of the present year she sent overseas more than £900,000 worth, an actual increase of almost £100,000 over the first nine months of 1939.

SELECTED RECIPES

LEMON CRUMB PIE

- 1 1/2 cup Kellogg's Rice Krispies
- 3 tablespoons butter
- 1 cup boiling water
- 1 cup sugar
- 2 teaspoon cornstarch
- 2 eggs
- 3 tablespoons lemon juice
- 1 teaspoon grated lemon rind
- 1/2 recipe All-Brain pastry

Roll Rice Krispies into fine crumbs; add butter and boiling water. Mix sugar and corn starch; add well beaten egg yolks, lemon juice and rind. Combine the mixtures. Line a pie pan with All-Brain Pastry. Fill with mixture and bake in hot oven (450 degrees F.) about 20 minutes or until filling is set and pastry brown. Cover with meringue made from two beaten egg whites and four tablespoons sugar. Bake in slow oven (325 degrees) about 20 minutes.

Yield: One 8-inch pie.

TOMATO RAREBIT

- 1/2 lb. Canadian cheese
- 1/4 teaspoon dry mustard
- 1/4 teaspoon pepper
- 2 cups drained, canned tomatoes
- Salt
- 6 Holland Rusks

In the upper section of a double boiler put diced cheese and add mustard and pepper. When cheese is melted, add tomato pulp and salt to taste. Stir until smooth and creamy and serve on rusk. Six portions.

One diphtheria inoculation will ward off the disease for several years.

Air Training Accidents

Fewer Fatal Accidents Have Occurred Than Was Expected

The percentage of flying accidents, having regard to the amount of flying done in schools of the British commonwealth air training plan in Canada, is lower than was expected, the air ministry said in a statement issued recently.

Since the plan started operating there was up to late December 29 fatal flying accidents, and in the same period 168,050 flying hours were put in. The statement gave a lengthy outline of the rules and precautions taken in the Royal Canadian Air Force to prevent accidents, but said "Canada will not carry out the greatest air training plan ever conceived without meeting with some percentage of accidents."

The Gosport system is used by the R.C.A.F. It embodies all the experience of training in the last war and in the intervening years. It has been adopted throughout the British empire and in other countries, and formed the basis of the United States training system.

Defended Canada

Argument Between Dr. Cora Hind And General Jan Smuts

Mrs. A. Campbell Mackie, in an address to the Women's Historical Society at Toronto, told of being entertained a few years ago at a luncheon in Cape Town by an argument between Dr. E. Cora Hind, of the Winnipeg Free Press, and General Jan Smuts, prime minister of South Africa. Dr. Hind was on a world tour at the time.

The argument was regarding the comparative merits of Canadian and South African wheat and was very enlightening, according to Mrs. Mackie.

Mother, If Child's Young

Relieve Misery of Colds Improved Vicks VapoRub

If your child is miserable with muscular soreness or tightness, spells of coughing or irritation from a cold—you'll welcome the relief a "VapoRub Massage" brings.

With this more thorough treatment, the poultice-and-vapor action of Vicks VapoRub more effectively penetrates irritated air passages with soothing medicinal vapors... STIMULATES chest and back like a warming poultice or plaster... STARTS RELIEVING misery right away! Results delight even old friends of VapoRub.

TO GET a "VapoRub Massage" with all its benefits—massage VapoRub for 3 minutes on IMPORTANT RIB-AREA OF BACK as well as throat and chest—spread a thick layer on chest, cover with a warm cloth. BE SURE to use genuine, time-tested VICKS VAPORUB.

Cows Carry On

Bombing In Britain Has Had Little Effect On Output Of Milk

Reports from dairying areas in the United Kingdom indicate that the disturbance of explosions and machine gun fire appear to have little or no effect on the output of the milking herds. Many of the rural areas have been severely bombed during the recent intensive raids but despite this the mortality in farm live stock has not been as heavy as might be expected. Cattle have been the principal victims, followed by sheep, chiefly because of their tendency to herd together. Well down in the list of farm casualties are horses and pigs.



"Culinary cleanliness is my pet obsession—but I never thought of being choosy about waxed paper—what I daily wrapped Sonny's lunch in, for instance."

Pure waxed paper is as important as pure food, and pure dishes. Be on the safe side with Para-Sani—and use a new sheet every time.

PARA-SANI PURE-HEAVY WAXED PAPER

AN APPLEFORD PRODUCT MADE IN CANADA

APPLEFORD PAPER PRODUCTS LTD.

WAREHOUSES AT

WINNIPEG - REGINA - SASKATOON - CALGARY - EDMONTON

Shell Production In Canada Making Rapid Strides By New Method

Canada's wartime shell forging experience may be of value to United States plants now getting ready to produce artillery ammunition, the magazine American Machinist suggests in its current issue.

The method of forging shells in Canada is a proved proposition, as indicated by a net production of 100 shell forgings per hour per forging unit, the magazine says in a special 24-page "Canadian Armament section."

In one article presented in co-operation with the department of munitions and supply at Ottawa, American Machinist says munitions production in Canada is making rapid strides and, in some instances, even is ahead of schedule.

Shell production for the British government also is going ahead, the article says. Canada's arsenals have modernized their equipment and have gone into mass production of ammunition.

As an example of production now being achieved, the magazine cites the case of one Canadian plant with no previous experience in manufacturing cannon which early in July received a large British contract for Bofors anti-aircraft gun barrels. Fourteen weeks later the first barrel passed inspection, and while the quota for November was twice that for the previous month, production was finished several days ahead of schedule.

A remarkable thing about Bofors barrel production, American Machinist says, is that the shop started with 70 per cent. unskilled labor. Technical school boys were selected for training under direction of the few skilled men available.

Each machine set-up and its tooling were carefully worked out in advance to maintain accuracy at each step, and the boys were drilled in the routine of a given set-up under the direction of a skilled man.

When they were able to go ahead on their own, they trained one or two learners and were then rotated to other jobs.

The shell forging system mentioned by American Machinist is the Stewart-Lloyd process, which finishes the bore of a shell so it requires no tedious internal machining and subsequent operations on the outside of the forging are reduced.

The magazine says it is believed the process will be taken up by certain United States manufacturers.

American Machinist says the Dominion arsenal is making small arms ammunition and cartridge cases for artillery ammunition ranging up to the 18 and 25-pound shell sizes.

"During the world war the arsenal served chiefly as a pilot plant lending its experience and personnel to instruct other manufacturers in correct tooling and processing," American Machinist says.

"Today the Dominion arsenal again fills this function and in addition has gone into the mass production of ammunition.

"It has jumped quickly into the breach to create a source of supply of these highly important armament items while larger facilities are in process of construction."

Not Fully Aroused

Italy Says When They Get Mad Britain Must Watch Out

The Italian radio warned Britain in effect "Be careful or we'll get mad." In a broadcast heard at New York by C.B.S., the Italian announcer said:

"There is one thing that British propaganda fails to take into account, and that is the peculiar temper of the Italians. The Italian is a light-hearted and easy-going fellow until he is aroused. Sometimes what he needs is just a little slap, then he stands up and fights to a finish, and the more blows the more dangerous he becomes. The British ought to remember this."

Because of the heavy transpiration that takes place in trees, an acre of forest releases into the atmosphere more moisture than an acre of a lake or river.

Great Britain's Trade

In Spite Of Blockade Measures Exports Rose To High Levels In 1940

Great Britain's important export trades are ably carrying out their double task of replenishing British resources in foreign exchange and of maintaining the goodwill of British products abroad in face of German propaganda.

The first nine months of 1940 constituted a period in which the difficulties of war conditions were greatly increased by the disappearance of various European markets. Yet the figures for that period show that the results of the British export drive have been most encouraging, even when allowance is made for the higher level of prices.

Taking ten leading categories and comparing the nine-months period of 1939 with that of 1940, there has been an average rise in export values, in 1940, of over 35 per cent., ranging from 12 per cent. in cotton manufactures to over 66 per cent. in silk and art silk.

One of Great Britain's export industries which has done well in difficult circumstances is the trade in electrical goods and apparatus.

The import figures, like those for exports, reveal how efficient is British control of the seas. Essential imports are coming in at an even higher level than in 1939; they include grain and flour, iron ore and scrap, other ores, raw cotton, wool, iron and steel manufactures, non-ferrous metal manufactures, oils, fats and resins, and vehicles. Iron ore and scrap imports rose by no less than £6,000,000—an interesting aspect, in view of the loss of many continental sources of supply.

Cereal Rust Study

Plant Breeders Produce Varieties To Meet All Conditions Of Rust

In recent years Canadian agricultural scientists specializing in plant breeding, with the assistance of those dealing with plant pathology, have produced new high-yielding, rust-resisting varieties of cereals, and are continually searching for resistant varieties of still higher quality. The two outstanding features of the cereal-breeding work conducted by the Dominion Department of Agriculture are the contribution of genetics in guiding plant breeders in the production of varieties with the required characteristics, and the discovery by plant pathologists of nearly 150 of the races of stem rust. Some are regional in distribution, some injure wheat varieties more than others and some occur in one season and not in others. New races are discovered from time to time. It has been necessary therefore to study the characteristics of these races of rust and to breed varieties of wheat resistant to all the races that might affect the crops in the area concerned.

No Longer A Joke

Nazi Idea That Britain Would Resist To Last Frenchman

It used to be a favourite joke of Germans that England would resist to the last Frenchman. They are beginning to suspect that Great Britain means to hold out to the last Briton. Neither Der Fuehrer nor Il Duce seems to have had any other idea than that France's collapse must be followed speedily by British capitulation. In underestimating British sea power they committed a mistake into which a man more famous than either of them blundered more than a century ago. It would be interesting to know whether Hitler and Mussolini ever beguiled the tedium of their frustrated hopes by meditating on the fate of Napoleon Bonaparte.

New York Sun.

"Now be sure and write plain on them bottles which is for the horse and which is for my husband," said the farmer's wife to the druggist. "I don't want nothing to happen to that horse before the spring plow."

Care Of Machinery During Winter

Proper Care When Not In Use Will Increase Life And Efficiency

The care that farm machinery receives during the winter months is an important factor in the life and cost of equipment, according to T. S. Forsaith, Dominion Experimental Station, Swift Current, Sask., who makes the following suggestions:

Before winter sets in each piece of machinery should be given a thorough inspection. All parts should be well cleaned and all bearings and other moving parts given a generous greasing or oiling. Polished surfaces such as plow moldboards and cultivator shovels need a good coat of heavy grease to prevent rusting. Roller chains should be thoroughly cleaned in gasoline or kerosene and re-oiled. Binder, combine, and mower sickles should be removed and stored inside. All dirt, straw, and trash should be removed from drill boxes, and from the straw racks, chaffers, augers, and elevators on separators and combines. Dirt holds moisture and promotes rusting and decay.

While this cleaning and greasing is being carried on is a good time to make a careful check of all worn and broken parts that will need replacement immediately or in the near future. In any case, repair parts should be ordered so that they will be on hand when required. It is important to keep all machines in first class running order. Time lost through breakdowns is expensive, and what is perhaps even more important, a worn machine cannot do a first class job. One worn part often causes other parts to wear more rapidly, and breakage of one part may lead to breakage or damage other parts.

Paint is a great preventative against those enemies, rust and decay, and also adds to appearance. The life of wooden parts in particular is lengthened by regular paintings. For best results the machine must be thoroughly cleaned of all loose paint, rust, dirt, and grease and a good quality implement paint applied under dry, warm conditions.

Shelter is good for those machines which have many wooden or moving parts, such as binders, combines, drills, and wagons. Tractors should be stored inside if possible. Most tillage implements suffer little harm from the weather if properly cared for. Where machines are kept outside it is a good plan to remove wooden parts such as binder reel slats and arms, tongues, and wooden wheels and store them under cover.

Implements with rubber tires should have the weight blocked off the tires if stored inside, or if kept outside the wheels should be removed and stored inside. It is a good idea to give all rubber tires a coat of rubber preservative.

Proper care given to machinery when not in use will be repaid many times in increased life and efficiency.

A Swedish chemist is said to have found a method of plating china with thin metal, thereby making it stronger.

Millions Of People In Europe Will Suffer This Winter Through Food Shortage

Modern war strikes home hard at once a month, bread and flour, 35.3 ounces.

Hundreds of millions in Europe and Asia to-day are limited in what they may eat—either by government decree or by the workings of economic laws.

Food shortages have been reported in many of the countries at war and in many non-belligerent nations as well. In most of the lands across the sea food rationing is the rule.

Britons probably will be called upon to take another hitch in their belts to help their government cope with the problem of bringing supplies across the U-boat-infested Atlantic.

Foods rationed alike in England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland are meats, one shilling tenpence worth (about 33 cents); butter, two ounces; margarine, four ounces; and bacon, four ounces, for each person each week.

In Germany, fruit and whole milk are reserved almost wholly for children. Potatoes and fresh vegetables remain unrationed, but stores often limit the amounts sold. Dog meat recently was legalized as a food for human consumption in the reich.

In Italy, where recently spaghetti and rice were placed on the rationed list, authorities claim Italians will have plenty to eat, even if the Greek campaign lasts all winter. However, the United States department of agriculture predicted a food shortage this winter in Italy. Italy still is eating meat every day, getting her supply from Hungary and Yugoslavia.

Defeated France has resorted to severe rationing measures. The Vichy government tightened restrictions on Nov. 9 by making anyone liable to imprisonment and heavy fines for "abandoning slices of bread after making them unfit for eating." Restaurant keepers were forbidden to serve more than one slice of bread at a time.

The Nov. 9 decree also reduced the bread ration for adult Frenchmen from 350 grams (12.35 ounces) to 250 grams (8.82 ounces) a day. Such foods as noodles and macaroni must come out of the bread allowance.

The French meat ration is 90 grams (3.17 ounces), on the four days each week that butcher shops are open.

In other invaded lands, rationing may be summarized as follows:

Poland: Almost duplicates that of Germany, except that Poles get a third more meat and a little less bread.

Holland: Virtually no meat available, but ration cards allow 70 ounces a month. Other food allowances include 35.3 ounces of fats, 28.24 ounces of cereal, 70 ounces of bread.

Norway: Sugar allowance 28.24

Denmark: Butter allowance about 50 ounces a month, almost four times as much as in Germany, and 35.3 ounces of whipped cream. Cheese is a forbidden food.

Occupied France: Broadly speaking, same as in Germany except that more bread is permitted.

Belgium: Same picture as in France.

Bohemia and Moravia: Same as Germany, except more meat, notably poultry.

Greece now has five meatless days a week.

Neutral countries also feel food shortages. Switzerland has had many products on the rationed list for months. Hungary has three meatless day a week. Turkey recently let it be known she is considering food rationing.

Finland rations meat. Spain had rationing for a long time, but recently took fish, eggs and some other products off the list.

Russia limited the buying of bread, butter, meat, potatoes and other foodstuffs last October.

Sweden recently rationed pork.

On the other side of the world—China, after three and one-half years of war, so far has rationed only salt, but the cost of foodstuffs in Free China has risen 300 to 1,500 per cent., and there are shortages in some areas.

In Japan, sugar, charcoal and matches are the only things currently rationed.

Could Be Done Again

Atlantic Coast Yards Built Wooden Ships During Last War

Vincent Pottier has raised his voice in Parliament, and quite properly, to urge the Government to build wooden ships in Nova Scotia. Mr. Pottier represents a constituency (Shelburne - Yarmouth - Clare) where the art of wooden shipbuilding still lives. His voice, and the rising chorus of voices from Nova Scotia, merits the attention of the Government. Mr. Pottier reminded the House of the shipbuilding undertaken during the first Great War. He told them how forty shipyards for wooden vessels on the Atlantic coast in 1914 expanded to 250 in 1918, and how the output soared many millions of dollars in value. That expansion resulted from just such a situation as faces Great Britain to-day. The expansion could be repeated, he insisted. Halifax Chronicle.

Artist Saved Antiques

But One Priceless Picture Was Ripped By Nazi Bombs

The home of Charles Spenceclay, 75-year-old painter of "There'll always be an England," has been bombed, reports a writer in the London Daily Sketch. His picture, "worth its weight in gold," was tipped by blast and splinters. He says: "I'll keep it to show what a bomb can do in the way of improving art." After scrambling out with his wife, his first thought was to save letters from Queen Mary. He painted the pictures for her celebrated dolls' house. The artist is taking what he has been able to save from his collection of Victorians to a new home in the Midlands. One lorry full of relics included bird cages, old-style mousetraps, silk hats, velvet smoking caps, oil lamps, stuffed carp and owls, aged Gladstone bags, carpet slippers, and a police rattle.

A Real Insult

The impudence of Hitler knows no bounds, says the Ottawa Journal. By the gross hands of the Huns the bones of Napoleon II, the "King of Rome," have been removed from Vienna to be buried in Paris beside those of his illustrious father. An intended compliment to France from such a quarter is a deep insult.

In Great Britain, the fees of barristers, or trial lawyers, still are regarded as gratuities and, therefore, cannot be collected through legal action.

Please Him With Hand Knit Sweater



Household Arts by Alice Brooks

Practical Sweater And Socks Easy to Knit

PATTERN 6614

Strictly masculine and sure to please is this sleeveless sweater with its matching socks in Cashmere Sports Yarn! So easy to knit, it's sure to be welcome. Pattern 6614 contains instructions for sweater in small, medium and large sizes; socks in any size desired; illustrations of them and stitches; materials needed.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

Didsbury Pioneer.

Established 1903

DIDSBURY • ALBERTA

Published Every Thursday.

Subscription Rates: \$2.00 Per Year; \$1.00 Per 6 Months; 50 Cents Extra to Great Britain and the United States. Payable in advance.

Government, Legal, and Municipal advertising: 16c per line first insertion, 12c per line (unchanged) each additional insertion. Local readers 10c per line.

Classified Advertising: For Sale, Articles Wanted, Lost, Stolen or Strayed Etc. 50c first insertion, 25c each additional insertion; 4 insertions \$1.00.

Business Cards: Special Rate of \$1.00 per month (1-inch) or \$11.00 per year if paid in advance.

Card of Thanks (not exceeding 8 lines): 50c per insertion.

J. E. Gooder - Editor & Manager

The World of Wheat

By H. G. L. STRANGE

The Dominion will soon be considering the Sirois Report.

It will be remembered that one recommendation made was that the famous Canadian-wide system of Dominion Experimental Farms, which has been functioning so successfully and well for many years, should either be discontinued or turned over to the Provinces.

In this column recently I mentioned the instance of Marquis, Renown and Regent wheats, how they could never have been produced had it not been for the work of the Dominion Experimental Farms.

The same thing can be said of the new and most valuable variety of rust-resistant oats, Vanguard, which

is adding so much money to the pockets of our farmers and seed growers.

The Experimental Farms, I firmly believe, are absolutely essential to the production and testing of new superior varieties and other kinds of crops.

The Farms are well-spaced over Canada, and they have talented, long experienced and well-trained staffs operating under one direction, and who are competent to handle the exacting tests which have to be used to differentiate the merits of the new varieties produced from the older standard sorts. If these Dominion Farms are done away with, or even turned over to the Provinces, it would, in my humble opinion, be a serious setback to the advancement of agriculture in Canada.

Following factors have tended to

raise price: Yugo-Slavian 1940 wheat crop estimated at 84 per cent less than in 1939 -- A shortage of dairy products is threatening all of North-western Europe -- Spain is reported as negotiating for 12 million bushels of Argentine wheat -- Searle grain company estimate 1941 wheat crop 484 million bushels -- Argentine wheat crop reduced 8 per cent due to torrential rains.

Following factors have tended to lower price: 1941 corn acreage in U.S.A. to be increased -- Wheat supplies in U.S.A. are now estimated at about 100 million bushels above last year -- Estimate of world wheat crop excluding U.S.S.R. and China revised upward 91 million bushels.

BABY**Needs Didsbury Dairy Milk**

Because its flavorful richness means strong bones, white teeth and resistance against sickness.

DIDSBURY DAIRY . . . TOM MORRIS

Phone 162

YOUR INCOME TAX

HOW? WHEN? WHERE?**WHO? HOW MUCH?**

THIS YEAR, almost every man and woman in Canada will share the burden of paying for the war. A million new taxpayers will pay who never paid before. A personal budget payment plan is available to old taxpayers who are faced with substantially increased income taxes.

Canadians are asked to shoulder their share of the war effort cheerfully and willingly. By paying your income tax regularly you help to speed the production of war material, and bring the day of victory closer. Figure out how much tax you will have to pay, and arrange to pay promptly when due.

Pay by instalments—the easy way—and save interest.

Cut out this page and keep it for future reference.

**WHO PAYS INCOME TAX?**

If you are a single person without dependents, and your income in 1940 was more than \$750.00 you pay general-income-tax.

If you are a married person without dependents, and your income in 1940 was more than \$1500.00 you pay general-income-tax.

If you are a married person with children, you are allowed \$400.00 exemption for each dependent child or grandchild, in addition to the \$1500.00 exemption.

NOTE: In addition to the general-income-tax you pay National Defence Tax on your total income without any exemption if you are single and your income goes over \$600 or if you are married and your income goes over \$1,200.

**HOW DO YOU PAY?**

Your income tax may be paid in the following ways:—

1. The Present Method: At least one-third of the tax to be paid by April 30th, the balance, with interest at 5% from April 30th, to be paid by August 31st. On any balance unpaid after August 31st, the interest rate will be 8%.

2. The Proposed Method: In 8 monthly instalments without interest. To take advantage of this new way of paying, the first instalment must be paid on or before January 31st. You must pay at least one-third of the estimated tax in four equal monthly instalments, in January, February, March and April, i.e. 1-12 of the estimated tax in each of the said 4 months. The remaining two-thirds must be paid in four equal monthly instalments in May, June, July and August, i.e. 1-6th of the estimated tax in each of the said 4 months. (This will be in the amended law.)

3. The Recommended Method: This method will not be found in

the law but it is a simple method, namely, in eight equal monthly instalments, without interest, commencing in January.

To take advantage of the monthly payment plan without interest each payment must be made on or before the due dates. Otherwise interest will be charged on the total balance remaining unpaid after April 30th.

**EXAMPLE OF INSTALMENT PAYING WITHOUT INTEREST**

If your estimated tax is \$60.00 you pay one-third of the tax (\$20.00) in four instalments (\$5.00 each) and the remaining two-thirds (\$40.00) in four instalments (\$10.00 each). Your payments are therefore as follows:

On or Before	On or Before	On or Before	On or Before
Jan. 31	Feb. 28	Mar. 31	April 30
\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5
On or Before	On or Before	On or Before	On or Before
May 31	June 30	July 31	Aug. 31
\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10 = \$60

However it is recommended that you pay your tax in eight equal monthly instalments of \$7.50 each—\$60.00.

Instalment Income Tax Remittance Forms are available at any post office, or any branch of any bank, or the office of the Inspector for your

District, and their use will ensure accurate and proper allocation of your payment. However, you can send in your instalments by ordinary letter with your name and address plainly stated thereon, clearly indicating the division between Provincial and Dominion Tax payments.

**HOW MUCH DO YOU PAY?**

The general-income-tax is payable on your net income less exemptions.

If you are single, your exemption is \$750.00. Thus if your total income is \$1,000.00 you must pay tax on \$250.00.

The exemption for a married person is \$1,500.00 plus \$400.00 for each dependent child or grandchild. Thus if you are a married man with two children and a total income of \$2,600.00 your total exemptions are \$1,500.00 plus \$400.00 for each child, or \$2,300.00 in all. So you pay tax on \$300.00.

Payment: You may send a cheque, Post Office or Money Order in payment of income tax by mail, to the Inspector of Income Tax for the District in which you reside, made payable to the Receiver General of Canada. Write plainly, and give your name in full, so that mistakes in crediting may be avoided. Do not send money or postage stamps in envelopes.

RATES OF NATIONAL DEFENCE TAX

For a single person

2% on the total income if the income exceeds \$600 and does not exceed \$1,200.

3% on the total income if the income exceeds \$1,200.

For a married person

2% on the total income if the income exceeds \$1,200 with a tax credit of \$8.00 for each dependent child or grandchild.

For 1940 the tax is on one-half of the income and the tax credit is \$4.00.

**FURTHER INFORMATION**

including the National Defence Tax Booklet and the necessary forms may be obtained from the Inspector of Income Tax for the district in which you reside.

Forms are now available. Form T.1 Special is to be used by individuals who are not in business whose income is not more than \$5000. All others must use the regular form T.1 or in the case of farmers, Form T.1A. Proprietors in business must file, in addition to the Form T.1 Return, an Excess Profits Tax Return on Form E.P.T.1 on or before April 30th next.

Rates of General-Income-Tax which Individuals Must Pay

Your net taxable income is the amount left after you deduct exemptions from your total income.

If your net taxable income is \$250 or less the tax is 6% thereon.

If between \$250 and \$1000 the tax is \$15 plus 8% on the excess over \$250			
" " 1000 and 2000	75	12%	1000
" " 2000 and 3000	195	16%	2000
" " 3000 and 4000	355	20%	3000
" " 4000 and 5000	555	24%	4000
" " 5000 and 6000	795	27%	5000
" " 6000 and 7000	1065	30%	6000
" " 7000 and 8000	1365	33%	7000
" " 8000 and 9000	1695	35%	8000
" " 9000 and 10000	2045	37%	9000

For higher incomes refer to the Income War Tax Act.

In addition to the above rates, there is a surtax on all investment income in excess of \$7000.

Also there is National Defence Tax and in some Provinces, Provincial Income Tax.

IMPORTANT

TO EVERY INCOME TAX PAYER

To enjoy the advantages of the Interest-Free Instalment Plan

You must pay the first instalment not later than January 31st, and pay regularly thereafter



DOMINION OF CANADA INCOME TAX DIVISION
DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

HON. COLIN GIBSON,
Minister of National Revenue

C. FRASER ELLIOTT,
Commissioner of Income Tax

Professional.**W. G. EVANS M.D.**

PHYSICIAN SURGEON
Graduate of Toronto University
Office in Opera House Block
Phones — Office 120, Residence 50
DIDSBURY ALBERTA

J. L. CLARKE, M.D., L.M.C.C.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON
Office over Royal Bank
Graduate of Manitoba University
Late Senior House Surgeon
St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, N.J.
X Ray in Office
Phones—Office 63, Residence 128
DIDSBURY ALBERTA

W. M. WELGAN, D.D.S.

(Alberta)
DENTAL SURGEON
Office over the Royal Bank
Phone 63
DIDSBURY ALBERTA

W. A. AUSTIN

LAWYER NOTARY PUBLIC
COMMISSIONER FOR OATHS
Estate Management
Marriage Licenses Issued.
Phone 52 DIDSBURY, ALBERTA

H. LYNCH-STANTON LL.B.

BARRISTER & SOLICITOR
DIDSBURY ALBERTA
Counsel: Mr. A. Lannan, Barrister
Calgary, Alberta

W. S. DURRER

DURRER'S FUNERAL CHAPEL
DIDSBURY ALBERTA
Phone 140
Government Licensed Embalmer

Church Announcements**M. B. C.**

MENNONITE BRETHREN IN CHRIST
Rev. Earl Archer, Pastor

Sundays:
1:30 p.m.—Sunday School
2:45 — Preaching service
7:45 — Preaching service, including Young Peoples' meeting on alternate Sundays.
Wednesdays, 8 p.m.—Prayer service.

UNITED

Rev. J. M. Kaegele, Minister

11:00 a.m.—Sunday school
7:30 p.m.—Evening Worship
Westcott 11 a.m.—Westerdale 3 p.m.

EVANGELICAL

Rev. A. C. Daugherty, Pastor

Sundays:
10:30 a.m.—Morning Worship
11:30 — Sunday school
7:30 p.m.—Evening Worship
Mondays, 4 p.m.—Christian devotion
5 p.m.—Interimmediate
7:30 p.m.—Senior
Wednesdays, 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting

CHURCH OF ENGLAND**D. Currie**

St. Cyprian's, Didsbury
17, 10:00 a.m., Communion
26, 11:00 a.m., Communion

Annual Meeting, January 23rd,
at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lowrie

LUTHERAN

Rev. Albert F. Reimer, Pastor

Westcott: 11:00 a.m. Every Sunday.
Didsbury: 2:30 p.m. Every Sunday except the 4th.

ST. ANTHONY'S CATHOLIC

Father MacLellan, P.P.

1st and 3rd Sundays 11:00 a.m.
2nd, 4th, 5th Sundays 9:00 a.m.

"the PIONEER"

FOR GOOD PRINTING JOBS

Mountain View Notes

Raleigh Finley and family left recently to make their home in Trinidad, where Mr. Finley will be engaged in the oil well industry.

Miss Evelyn Barner, R.N., was a Christmas visitor at her home here. Since graduating in September she has been kept very busy in her chosen career.

Mr. Frank Lowe, formerly teacher of Neapolis High School, left for Eastern Canada prior to Christmas for training in the R.C.A.F. We wish him godspeed. Mrs. H. Lynch-Stanton has been engaged as teacher.

Didsbury Junior Wheat Club Dance — at the Hall, Wednesday January 2nd. Music by Otto Fane and his Orchestra. Support the boys and at the same time have a chance on a ton of coal or a 4 pound ham. Admission 50c a couple.

A neighborly gathering at the Hall during the holidays honored Sergeant Hugh Roberts and Corporal Max Woods, who are stationed at Red Deer. Each were presented with a pencil set. Cards and other games were played, after which refreshments were served.

In a letter received by a member of the community recently, from London, England, the bombing is described thus:

"The guns make a dreadful noise, mostly at night. When the Germans come over, it just sounds as if tons of earth were falling on the roof, and sleep is impossible upstairs, so many of us try to sleep in the sitting rooms downstairs on makeshifts. It is rather an advantage now to be a little deaf."

Residents of the Mona district received a faint idea of the deafening roar hundreds of planes must create, when a formation wheeled over the neighborhood one morning just lately.

The December meeting of Mountain View W.I. was held at the home of Mrs. J. Worrall.

Prior to the meeting a group of ladies tied a quilt, which was donated to a family whose home had been destroyed by fire.

This being the annual meeting, election of officers was held.

Mrs. Ed Blain refused re-election as president and Mrs. Ernie St. Clair was elected president, Mrs. J. K. Kerkth vice president, while the secretary and treasurer, namely, Mrs. Bennie St. Clair and Mrs. Ellis Barnes, were elected for the fifth consecutive year. Directors re-elected were Mrs. J. Worrall, Mrs. G. Tighe and Mrs. H. Roberts.

A Dutch sale was held, which netted a nice sum. Arrangements were made to hold the January meeting at the home of Mrs. M. Woods in Didsbury. A delicious lunch concluded the afternoon's proceedings.

Notes From the West

Mrs. Edith Lowrie is in Calgary, taking a 3 months course in the youth training plan.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Hogg and family were recent supper guests of Corporal E. and Mrs. Lowrie.

Mr. G. Byrt has returned home from the Didsbury hospital, where he had been confined with the flu and other complications.

The Ekton Red Cross Group met at the home of Mrs. Evans, when a comforter was quilted. Next meeting, Thursday, January 30th, at the home of Mrs. Arnold.

Mr. Grace, of the Inverness district and formerly of Didsbury, died on January 3rd at his home. The funeral took place on the following Tuesday.

showing a visit recently at the home of Mrs. K. Blain for Mrs. Paul (Mrs. Irene) Binner, who received many nice gifts. Lunch was served by the hostess.

Westcott Ladies Aid of the United Church convened this month at Mrs. I. A. Murphy's. The topic was "Thoughts and Resolutions for the New Year." The Aid's next meeting will be with Mrs. P. Hosegood.

Mr. A. Lowrie's three daughters from Vancouver, Cowley and Federal, have arrived to visit their father. Mrs. Lowrie is also in the city. Mrs. Hand-son is also in the city.

Burnside Notes

There was a good attendance at the January meeting of the Lone Pine W.I., held at the home of Mrs. Otto Bittner, with Mrs. Bert Pross as co-hostess.

The president, Mrs. Bittner, gave an excellent paper on Home Economics, concluding with a demonstration on the finishing of a toe of a Red Cross sock.

The 5 cent draw was won by Mrs. B. Woods, and the roll of linoleum raffled off by Mrs. Billy Coates was won by Miss Hazel Cron, of Calgary.

Mrs. Otto Fane will have the February meeting, with Mrs. E. Hunter assisting. Roll-call will be answered by giving Valentine suggestions.

Westcott Notes.

The Westcott Institute held their December meeting with Mrs. Wilfred Rennie when a good crowd was present. Roll-call was answered by offering a suggestion for the 1941 program.

This being the business meeting, many details were attended to. It was thought advisable to dispense with the bazaar for 1941 and in its place to levy a tax on each member.

Usually at the December meeting a Christmas "pie" has made its appearance. This time the money was handed as a gift to the Red Cross.

At the entertainment period Shirley Rennie gave a recitation and, in keeping with the season, carols were sung.

The next meeting will convene at the home of Mrs. C. Vogel, and every member is urged to attend, as this is a very important meeting.

"BUY IN DIDSBURY"

Airmen from Down Under Send Greetings Home.

THE WORLD'S GOOD NEWS

will come to your home every day through
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

An International Daily Newspaper
It records for you the world's clean, constructive doings. The Monitor does not exploit crime or sensation; neither does it ignore them, but deals constructively with them. Features for busy men and all the family, including the Weekly Magazine Section.

The Christian Science Publishing Society
One, Norway Street, Boston, Massachusetts
Please enter my subscription to The Christian Science Monitor for a period of:
1 year \$12.00 6 months \$6.00 3 months \$3.00 1 month \$1.00
Saturday issue, including Magazine Section: 1 year \$2.60, 6 issues 25c

Name _____
Address _____
Sample Copy on Request

SUBSCRIBE NOW TO YOUR FAVOURITE MAGAZINES AND THIS NEWSPAPER AT A BARGAIN PRICE

THE THRIFTY ECONOMICAL WAY TO SUBSCRIBE TO THIS NEWSPAPER AND YOUR FAVOURITE MAGAZINES AT SENSATIONALLY LOW PRICES

These offers are good for new or renewal orders. It will pay you to look them over and send us the coupon today.

ALL-FAMILY OFFER

This Newspaper, 1 Year, and Your Choice Any Three of These Publications
CHECK THREE MAGAZINES—ENCLOSE WITH ORDER

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> National Home Monthly, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Country Guide & Nor'West Farmer, 2 yrs. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Canadian Horticulture and Home, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Canadian Silver Fox & Fur, 1 yr. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Family Herald & Weekly Star, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Western Producer, 1 yr. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Free Press Prairie Farmer, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Rod and Gun, 1 yr. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Canada Poultryman, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Canada Poultry Review, 1 yr. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> American Fruit Grower, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> American Girl, 8 mos. |

ALL FOUR ONLY 3.00

SUPER-VALUE OFFER

This Newspaper, 1 Year, and Your Choice of
ONE Magazine in Group A and TWO Magazines in Group B
MARK AN "X" BEFORE THE MAGAZINES YOU DESIRE

- | GROUP "A" | | GROUP "B" | |
|---|---|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Magazine Digest, 6 mos. | <input type="checkbox"/> National Home Monthly, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Canadian Horticulture and Home, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Family Herald & Weekly Star, 1 yr. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> True Story, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Canadian Silver Fox & Fur, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Western Producer, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Rod and Gun, 1 yr. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Silver Screen, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Canadian Silver Fox & Fur, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Canada Poultry Review, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> American Fruit Grower, 1 yr. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Christian Herald, 6 mos. | <input type="checkbox"/> Free Press Prairie Farmer, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Country Guide & Nor'West Farmer, 2 yrs. | <input type="checkbox"/> Canadian Silver Fox & Fur, 1 yr. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fact Digest, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Rod and Gun, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Western Producer, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Canada Poultryman, 1 yr. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Science and Discovery, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Canada Poultry Review, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> American Fruit Grower, 1 yr. | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> American Boy, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> American Girl, 1 yr. | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> American Girl, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> McCall's Magazine, 1 yr. | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> McCall's Magazine, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Parents' Magazine, 6 mos. | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Parents' Magazine, 6 mos. | <input type="checkbox"/> Open Road for Boys, 1 yr. | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Open Road for Boys, 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Home Arts (Needlecraft), 1 yr. | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Home Arts (Needlecraft), 1 yr. | <input type="checkbox"/> Screenland, 1 yr. | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Screenland, 1 yr. | | | |

ALL FOUR ONLY 3.50

This Newspaper and Your Choice
ONE Other Publication at Price Listed.

- | | |
|--|------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> National Home Monthly, 1 yr. | 2.50 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Family Herald & Weekly Star, 1 yr. | 2.50 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Free Press Prairie Farmer, 1 yr. | 2.50 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Country Guide & Nor'West Farmer, 3 yrs. | 2.50 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Western Producer, 1 yr. | 2.50 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> McCall's, 1 yr. | 3.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> True Story, 1 yr. | 2.75 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Silver Screen, 1 yr. | 2.75 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Red Book, 1 yr. | 3.75 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Parents' Magazine, 1 yr. | 3.25 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Magazine Digest, 1 yr. | 3.75 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> American Boy, 1 yr. | 2.75 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> American Girl, 1 yr. | 2.50 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Child Life, 1 yr. | 3.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> American Magazine, 1 yr. | 4.50 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Screenland, 1 yr. | 2.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Christian Herald, 1 yr. | 3.25 |

FILL OUT COUPON MAIL TODAY

Please clip list of magazines after checking ones desired. Fill out coupon carefully and mail to your local paper.

Gentlemen: I enclose \$_____ I am checking below the offer desired with a year's subscription to your paper.

☐ All-Family ☐ Super-Value ☐ Single Magazine

Name _____

Post Office _____

R.R. _____ Province _____

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Mary, Princess Royal, thanked American girl scouts for Christmas gifts and for an ambulance they presented to the girl guides of Britain.

Mrs. Emily Bailey, 100-year-old native of England, who came to Victoria 26 years ago from Portage la Prairie, Man., died at Victoria, B.C.

Internment camps at Bombay were reported to have been prepared in India for at least 20,000 Italian prisoners captured in Egypt.

Food Minister Lord Woolton accepted part of a fleet of 100 mobile canteens presented by the American Allied Relief Fund.

Col. Sir Reginald Hugh Dorman-Smith, who was minister of agriculture at the outbreak of war, was appointed governor of Burma by the King.

Frederick Snyder, lecturer and traveller, said in a speech that the United States would experience a series of earthquakes in 1941 because of "planetary action."

In addition to war guests from the United Kingdom, Australia has found homes for 3,156 Britishers evacuated from Hong Kong and Shanghai.

Consumption of tin in the United Kingdom totalled 18,496 tons in the first seven months of 1940, against 12,652 tons in the corresponding period of 1939, an increase of 45 per cent.

Ottawa Mint Busy

Heavy Demand For Coinage Is Greatly Increased In Wartime

Authorities at the Royal Canadian Mint, well on the way to providing all the coinage needed in wartime Canada, relaxed as they surveyed a daily time table shortened by eight hours.

Around the start of the war the mint went on a feverish 24-hour, three-shift schedule in an effort to keep pace with the demand. Recently the situation eased and the schedule was cut to 16 hours.

But the finance department isn't satisfied yet and one spokesman predicted the mint soon will be operating on a straight eight-hour day.

"We've got the situation pretty well in hand at last," he said. "For a while we were pretty well swamped but we made sure it wouldn't happen again."

Late in 1939 and early in 1940, he said, the demand was so great the mint actually fell behind in its schedule. Warned by this example, officials made sure no such contingency would occur again by enlarging their staff and taking other special precautions.

The spokesman attributed the sudden demand for coinage shortly after the war began to one prime cause—wartime prosperity.

"When everybody has more money, the demand for more coinage is naturally greater," he said. "The more people spend the more work they provide for us."

Heavy Production

United States Industries Are Put Into High Gear

The arming United States called on the automobile industry to swing into test production of parts for a powerful fleet of long-range bombers.

An estimated \$20,000,000 worth of initial "educational orders," decided upon by the war department and defence commission, was expected to familiarize automobile plant managers with the manufacture of the intricate parts they will be called upon to supply.

As presently visualized, motor car plants will be geared to help produce annually some 3,600 two and four-motor bombers, costing at current prices nearly \$1,000,000,000.

Possibly 15 months, by official estimates, will be required to put into full operation the plan to employ the automobile industry to supplement the conventional aircraft factories in expanding the output of planes for the United States and Great Britain.

An average of one person has been accidentally killed every 16 minutes for the past 10 years.

Bread is now standardized to four sizes for sale in England.

Keep Down Production Costs

Effective Means Of Attaining This On The Farm

Under war-time conditions it is more than ever advisable that farmers do everything possible to try and keep down their costs of production, observes H. D. Mitchell, Field Husbandry Division, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

Three of the most effective means of attaining this include the following: (1) Production of the heaviest possible yields through the use of the highest quality seed of disease-resistant varieties which have proved the best suited to the locality; thorough preparation of the seed bed as well as persistent control of weeds, insects and plant diseases to assist in contributing to higher yields; (2) The use of modern labour-saving farm machinery and equipment to help increase the output and at the same time reduce costs. Rubber tired machinery speeds up operations and enables more land to be farmed. Co-operative ownership of expensive machinery is one way of keeping down costs; (3) Increasing the size of the farm or renting additional land. According to the latest census the average farm in Eastern Canada had only 41.8 acres of land in crop, of which 48.8 per cent. was in hay. A larger cultivated acreage would mean little or no increase in the amount of machinery and equipment used, and the cost of production would be reduced because the overhead costs would be spread over a larger number of acres. The acreage farmed should be sufficient to utilize the available labour and equipment to the fullest capacity in order to keep production costs at a minimum.

To Protect Pilots

Bullet Proof Armor To Be Installed In Cockpit

Pilots of large British and United States bombing planes will soon be protected by new bullet-proof cockpit armor being rushed by three plants.

The armor will give pilots more adequate protection. It conforms to the general shape of the body and will provide protection from the head to below the knees. Its cow-like top and extra width at the elbows help increase its effectiveness.

The armor weighs about 120 pounds and will provide adequate resistance against machine-gun bullets.

A company official said the new armor would protect a flier against enemy planes diving without warning from the rear.

One Explanation

A man is nine times as likely to be killed by lightning as a woman. That's a huge discrepancy, the best explanation of which is that there are usually many more men than women out of doors when a thunderstorm cracks loose.

EASY-TO-MAKE PANELLED APRON

By Anne Adams



Kitchen duty is really fun around holiday time, especially if you're wearing an Anne Adams apron like Pattern 4394! It's dainty, efficient and marvelously quick to make. You might accent the becoming front panel by either using contrast, as in Apron B—or by trimming its full length with ruffling or ric-rac, as shown in Apron A. You've a choice of two becoming neckline versions. The lower waistline seams at the sides give smooth fit and allow for extra skirt fullness. Notice the absence of side seams in the skirt, the in-one treatment of each side-front bodice with the straps, and the one-piece cut of the back top—all time-saving details!

Pattern 4394 is available in sizes small (32-34), medium (36-38) and large (40-42). Small view, View A, takes 2 yards 35 inch fabric and 23 yards ruffling; view B, 1½ yards 35 inch fabric and 1½ yards of contrast.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number and send orders to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

The sloth's only mode of travel is by the swing along, hand-over-hand, hanging upside down from the tree branches.

If you would have a good servant, select neither a friend nor a relative.

Safe From Attack

Greenwich Observatory Instruments Have Been Moved From London

That German airman who dropped a bomb on Greenwich observatory and damaged the famous observatory clock must have been a pupil of General Haushofer's school of geo-politics. The general's great objective is to blast Great Britain from her position of leadership in the world and to substitute Germany. So, of course, he has a special grievance against Greenwich.

Two things connected with Greenwich mark Britain's leadership. The zero meridian, the great circle from which the world's longitude is measured, passes through the observatory. So, Britain has a place, as it were on the very centre line of the scientific world. And then there is time, which is, of course, related to longitude. The world—even Germany—reckons its time from Greenwich mean time, and the famous observatory time ball sets the hour for all the chronometers on all the ships of all the seas.

If General Haushofer and his students could only blast Greenwich away from the zero meridian or blast the meridian away from Greenwich, what a feather it would be in the Nazi cap.

But the Nazi geo-politicians are too late. They may hammer the old observatory to dust and it will make no difference. What is left there is pretty much a shell anyway. The real Greenwich—the real scientific centre of the world—has already gone from London to a place where its instruments and records will be safe from barbarian attack.—Vancouver Province.

Cannot Be Beaten

No One Doubts The Ultimate Outcome Of The War

I am continually asked if I think we can win through. A great many problems have to be overcome. A great many dangers have to be faced. Suffering and tribulation are certain, but I see the situation in sharp contrast to those nights in early June, when it was touch and go whether we lost the whole of the B.E.F., when even friendly observers doubted our ability to stand the strain. Contrary to the gloomy anticipations and fears of those days, the Battle of Britain is not proceeding according to Hitler's plan, and given the continuance of unity and endurance, we cannot be beaten. A. V. Alexander in "United Empire."

Not Admitted

United States immigration officials have refused to permit eight prisoners who escaped from the French penal colony at Devil's Island to enter the country, it was learned. The prisoners had worked their way north in small boats and sought admission to the United States.

C.P.R. Bomber Fund



John Lee, works manager of Weston Shops, with his shops' committee in the Canadian Pacific Railway's Golden Bomber Fund campaign, examines the hoard of cash and keepsakes contributed by shops men and their families to swell the western lines quota of the \$100,000 being collected by the C.P.R. to buy a bombing plane as a gift to the Canadian overseas forces. To date the shops have contributed 172 pieces of gold yet to be valued and nearly \$1,000 in money. Left to right are: W. Worboys, G. McClements, John Lee, David Peddie, L. O. Dwyer and F. I. Smith.

Health
LEAGUE
of
CANADA
presents
TOPICS
of
VITAL
INTEREST
by DR. J. W. S. McCULLOUGH

RHEUMATIC FEVER

Rheumatic heart disease, the result of rheumatic fever, tops all other illnesses as the cause of death among children of school age. Many small children suffer from "growing pains" and many pay dearly for it in after life. Growing pains are frequently due to unrecognized rheumatic fever.

Many youngsters, whose parents neglect these signs, grow up to suffer or die from resultant but unsuspected, heart affections. Growing pains, therefore, should always be given immediate medical attention.

Attacks of rheumatic fever are easily recognized. The most striking symptoms, usually appearing after a sore throat or tonsillitis, are: pain, stiffness, swelling in the joints and muscles with the pain travelling from joint to joint.

But the heart condition may come on without the foregoing marked symptoms. The first signs of heart trouble may be: rapid heart beat, slight fever, pallor, loss of appetite, weight and vigor. Along with these signs there may be fleeting muscular aches.

Three-quarters of those having rheumatic fever are between the ages of five and thirty. The most of these are between the ages of ten and fifteen. The most dangerous feature of rheumatic fever is that, if not treated promptly, it does permanent injury to young hearts.

An attack of rheumatic fever may last for many months; one attack predisposes the patient to future attacks, often brought on by la grippe, colds, sore throat and respiratory troubles.

One thing is essential in the care of rheumatic fever. For the sake of his future health, the patient must stay in bed under the doctor's care until long after all fever and pain have disappeared. No matter how well the patient may feel or look he is not safe if he leaves his bed too soon. Unless he follows these directions he is likely to convalesce with a crippled heart.

Editorial Note: Readers who would like a valuable set of articles on the Cause and Control of Cancer may obtain them — free of all charge—by writing to: The Health League of Canada, Dept. W.N.C., 111 Avenue Road, Toronto, Ont. Just say: "Please send me Dr. McCullough's articles on Cancer," and print your name and address plainly.

Brave Children

Crippled Children Sing Songs While Being Rescued From Bombed Hospital

Twenty-two crippled children, between the ages of 10 and eight, inmates of a southeastern invalids' home, sang songs for nearly half an hour though big blocks of concrete and brickwork had fallen beside their beds and water poured from broken pipes above. Seven were slightly injured. A bomb crashed on to the building during the night, demolishing the domestic quarters and part of the superintendent's flat, and two of the staff were killed. The children were sleeping in a sand-bagged ground-floor room, and all the time they were waiting for outside help there was danger that the building might collapse.—London Times.

Curbing Speedsters

Panama has a sure method of curbing speeding. Highways are divided into 10-mile districts. As you enter the highway you are given a time card. At a control station 10 or 20 miles beyond you submit the card. Just a glance at the officers' watch and—if you made the distance too fast—you're pinched. The Sunday Globe, Boston.

The Park Lane Mystery

By Edgar Wallace

Copyright, by Edgar Wallace.
Serialized by Ledger Syndicate.

CHAPTER XXX.—Continued

"He was my only playmate, and I think that he was genuinely fond of me, and that he pitied what he believed to be my weakness of intellect. Mrs. Edwins' ambition for her son was unbounded; she strived and scraped to send him to a preparatory boarding school, and when he got a little older (as he told me himself) she prevailed upon Miss Mercy to give her the money to send him to college.

"Let me say here that I owe most of my information on the subject to Marling himself—it seems strange to call him by a name which I have borne so long! At that time my mind was undoubtedly clouded. He has described me as a morose, timid boy, who spent day after day in a brooding silence, and I should say that that description was an accurate one.

"The fear of her relatives discovering my condition of mind was a daily torment to Miss Mercy. She shut up her house and went to live at a smaller house in the country, and whenever her sisters showed the slightest inclination to visit her, she would move to a distant town. For three years I saw very little of Marling, and then one day Miss Mercy told me that she was engaging a tutor for me. I disliked the idea, but when she said it was Marling I was overjoyed. He came to Bournemouth to see us, and I should not have known him, for he had grown a long golden beard, of which he was very proud. We had long talks together, and he told me of some of his adventures and of the scrapes into which he had got.

"I was the only person in whom he confided, and I know the full story of Miss Gibbons as she was called. He had met her when she was a pretty housemaid in the service of the senior proctor. The courtship followed a tumultuous course, and then one day there arrived at Oxford the girl's mother, who threatened that unless Marling married her daughter, she would inform the senior proctor. This threat, if it were carried out, meant ruin to him, the end of Miss Mercy's patronage, the destruction of all his mother's hopes, and it was not surprising that he took the easiest course. They were married secretly at Cheltenham and lived together in a little village just outside the city of Oxford.

"Of course the marriage was disastrous for Marling. He did not love the girl; she hated him with all the malignity that a common and ignorant person can have for one whose very refinement emphasized her own uncouthness. The upshot of it was that he left her. Three years later he learned from her mother that she was dead. In point of fact that was not true. She had contracted a bigamous marriage with a man named Smith, who was eventually killed in the war. You have told me, Mr. Carlton, that you found no marriage certificate in her handbag.

"By this time, owing to circumstances which I will explain, Marling had the handling of great wealth. He was queerly generous, but the pound a week which he allowed the mother was, I suspect, in the nature of a thanksgiving for freedom. The money came regularly to her every quarter, and while she suspected who the sender was, she had no proof and was content to go on enjoying her allowance, which was afterwards improperly diverted to her daughter, who, on the death of her mother, assumed her maiden name.

"Marling came to be my tutor, and I honestly think that under his care—I would almost say affectionate

guidance—I improved in health, though I was far from well, when Miss Mercy had her seizure. In my crazy despair I remember I accused Marling of killing her, for I saw him pour the contents of a green bottle into a glass and force it between Miss Mercy's pale lips. I am convinced that I did him a grave injustice, though he never ceased to remind me of that green bottle. I think it was part of his treatment to keep my illusion before my eyes until I recognized my error.

"On the death of Miss Mercy I was so ill that I had to be locked in my room, and it was then, I think, that Mrs. Edwins proposed the plan which was afterwards adopted, namely, the substitution of Marling for myself. You will be surprised and incredulous when I tell you that Marling never forgave the woman for inducing him to take that step. He told me once that she had put him into greater bondage than that in which I was held. From his point of view I think he was sincere. I was hurried away to a cottage in Berkshire, and I knew nothing of the substitution until months afterward, when I was brought to Park Lane. It was then that he told me my name was Marling, and that he was Harlow. He used to repeat this almost like a lesson, until I became used to the change.

"I don't think I cared very much; I had a growing interest in books, and he was tireless in his efforts to interest me. He claimed, with truth, that whatever imprisonment I suffered, he saved me from imbecility. The quiet of the life, the carefree nature of it, the comfort and mental satisfaction which it gave me, were the finest treatment I could have possibly had. He made me acquainted with the pathological side of my case, read me books that explained just why I was living the very best possible life—again I say, he was sincere.

"Gradually the cloud seemed to dissipate from my mind. I could think logically and in sequence; I could understand what I was reading. More and more the extent of the wrong he had done me became apparent. He never disguised the fact, if the truth be told. Indeed, he disguised nothing! He took me completely into his confidence. I knew every coup he engineered in every detail.

"One night he returned to the house terribly agitated, and told me that he had heard the voice of his wife! He had been to the flat of a man called Ingle, and while he was there two charwomen had come in and he had recognized the voice of one and had swooned.

"He was engaged at that time with Ingle in manoeuvring an amazing swindle. It was none other than the impersonation of the Foreign Minister by Ingle, who was a brilliant actor. The plot was to get the Minister to Park Lane, where he would be drugged and his place taken by Ingle, who, to make himself perfect in the part, had spent a week examining cinematograph pictures of Sir Joseph Layton. In this way he had familiarized himself with Sir Joseph's mannerisms, and had paid one stealthy visit to a public meeting which Sir Joseph had addressed, in order to study his voice. The plan worked. Sir Joseph went into a room with Marling, drank a glass of wine, and was immediately knocked out—I think that is the expression. Ingle waited behind the door already made up, and Marling told me he bore a striking resemblance to the Minister. He went out from the house, drove to the House of Commons, and delivered a war speech which brought the markets tumbling down.

"But before this happened there was a tragedy at 704, Park Lane. Apparently, when Marling approached Ingle the actor-convict had been in some doubt as to whether he should go to meet him. Ingle at first suspected a trap and wrote a letter declining to meet. Afterward he changed his mind, but left the letter on his writing desk, and the charwoman, Mrs. Gibbons, seeing the envelope was marked 'Urgent, by hand,' came to the conclusion that her master had gone out and forgotten the letter, and with a desire to oblige, she herself brought it to Park Lane. Marling opened the door to her and had the shock of his life, for immediately he recognized her. He invited her into the library and there she slipped on the parquet floor and

fell, cutting her head against the corner of the desk. They made every effort to restore her; that I can vouch for. They even brought me down to help, but she was dead, and there arose the question of disposing of the body.

"Marling never ceased to blame himself that he did not call in the police immediately and tell them the truth, but he was afraid to have his name mentioned in connection with a man who had recently been discharged from a convict prison, and in the end he and Mrs. Edwins took the body to Hyde Park and dropped it in the water. You tell me there were signs of a struggle, but that is not so. The footprints were Mrs. Edwins' and not the dead woman's.

"Marling never saw the letter which the woman brought, and which must have fallen from her pocket when they were carrying her down the slope toward the canal. He told me all about it afterward, and I know he spoke the truth."

(Here Mr. Harlow's narrative was interrupted for two hours as he showed some sign of fatigue. It was resumed at his own request just before midnight.)

"Marling regarded his crimes as jokes, and always referred to them as such. It is, I believe, a common expression among the criminal classes and one which took his fancy. The great 'joke' about Sir Joseph was the plan to restore him to his friends. I think it was partly Ingle's idea, and was as follows. Two nigger minstrel suits were procured, exactly alike, and it was arranged that Ingle, at a certain hour, should get himself locked up and conveyed to what Marling invariably called 'the lifeboat'."

"Lifeboat?" interrupted Jim quickly. "Why did he call it that?"

"I will tell you," resumed Mr. Harlow. "You will remember that he presented a police station which he had built only about 50 yards from this house; he made this presentation with only one idea in his mind; if he were arrested it was to that police station he would be taken!"

"Sir Joseph lay under the influence of drugs in the room off the underground garage until the moment arrived, when he was stripped, his upper lip shaved, and his face covered with the black make-up of a minstrel. He was then taken through the little door, which you say you have seen, along a bricked passage to one of the stairways beneath the cells, and the substitution was an easy matter. Every bed in every cell lifts up, if you know the secret, like the lid of a box, and beneath each bed is a flight of steps leading to the passage and to the garage."

Jim flew into Evely street station. "I want to see Harlow, quick!" he said breathlessly.

"He's all right; he was asleep the last time I saw him," said the inspector on duty.

"Let me see him," said Jim impatiently, and followed the jailer down the corridor till they stopped outside cell No. 9.

The jailer squinted through the peephole. Suddenly he uttered an exclamation and turned the lock. The cell was empty!

When they visited the garage, the dark blue car was gone; and though this was found later abandoned on the Harwich road, the Splendid Harlow had vanished as though the earth had opened; nor was he ever seen again, though sometimes there came news from the Continent of gigantic operations engineered through Spanish banks by an unknown plutocrat. The Splendid Harlow had cached most of his money in Spain, and though Jim visited that country, he pursued no inquiries.

People on their honeymoon have very little time for criminal investigation.

"If I had only known about that infernal police station!" he said once as they were looting through the Puerta del Sol.

Aileen changed the subject at the earliest possible moment. For she had known about the plank beds which were doors to freedom.

It was too good a joke for Harlow to keep to himself. And in telling her he ran very little risk. He had an extensive knowledge of humans.

The End.

Nothing annoys a woman like having her friends drop in unexpectedly to find the house looking as it usually does.

Need Perfect Vision

Men Of Air Force With Defective Vision Must Stay On Ground

Men with defective vision who manage to enlist in the Royal Canadian Air Force can take it for granted they'll spend their time on the ground. Group Capt. R. W. Ryan said at Ottawa.

Group Capt. Ryan, brought to Canada from England to organize the R.C.A.F.'s new medical service, said perfect vision is one of the prime requisites to air service.

He didn't think much of the reports that tests at Fort Sill, Okla., have proven color blind men can see through camouflage better than men with normal vision. He said he had sufficient authentic evidence to convince him that wasn't so.

And as far as the air force is concerned, "color receptivity is vitally important to a pilot or air observer."

"He must be able to distinguish colors perfectly," Group Capt. Ryan said. "He has to be able to pick out the different signals and lighting arrangements on landing fields."

That's the reason color-blindness doesn't do above the ground in the R.C.A.F. But anyway, even if the Fort Sill tests were accurate, the air force has an even better way to distinguish camouflaged objects.

By using a simple instrument which might be termed the "spectacles" of a plane, camouflage can be spotted. The instrument blots out different colors and makes the whole camouflaged object stand out clearly.

Group Capt. Ryan doesn't think much of the type of camouflage used on buildings and automobiles in Britain. He pointed out that such camouflage is applied by commercial concerns or individuals, not by the army, and "it's just a waste of paint."

"But if it makes the people who use it feel happy and safe, it has its psychological value," he said.

Group Capt. Ryan said military officials are using new methods of camouflage, but he didn't disclose any of the secret details.

Plan Meets Approval

President Roosevelt's Idea Of Paying For Goods By Goods

Labor Minister Ernest Bevin declared that "President Roosevelt's great idea of paying for goods by goods will not only help to win the war, but take us out of the hands of speculators at the end of the war."

This reference to the president's plan to lend arms to Britain was made in a luncheon address to the Foreign Press Association. Mr. Bevin added:

"It is an indication that the president accepts the view that the greatest contribution to international stabilization at the end of the war is labor and effort and not speculation and manipulation of currency."

The minister said the Royal Navy now is doing work which five navies did in the first Great War, and that everyone has now to be on one side or the other in the conflict. There can be no neutrality between right and wrong.

At this moment, Britain and her allies are in the front line fighting this battle, he said.

Great Britain is fighting for a principle which, when established finally, will govern the conduct of humanity for generations to come.

"The commonwealth idea on a basis of equality must be the basic principle of future security and prosperity in the world."

Western Coal

Would Boost Consumption Of Alberta Coal In East

Ontario consumers of American anthracite coal need not go short even if wartime activities across the line mean gradual reduction in U.S. exports of the coal in coming months. That was the word sent from Alberta coal producers to Cyril P. Burgess, managing secretary of the Western Canada Fuel Association, Winnipeg.

Mr. Burgess had urged a conference between the Dominion Government and coal interests to boost eastern consumption of western coal in anticipation of a lessening of U.S. supplies due to war conditions. One Edmonton coal man said Alberta could supply the whole of Canada with coal if mines were given notice and able to expand gradually.



Don't let baby suffer from head cold one unnecessary moment. Relieve, without delay, that sniffing and sneezing... the sore, irritated nostrils... choked-up passages that make breathing difficult and painful. Mentholum brings quick relief or money back.

Buy a 30c. tube or jar of Mentholum today from your nearest druggist.

MENTHOLATUM
Gives COMFORT Daily

HOME SERVICE

THESE HANDSOME DRAPES EASY TO MAKE YOURSELF



Diagrams Explain Pinch Pleats

What stunning drapery effects you can get—so inexpensively—by making your own curtains!

Combine diagonal stripes with a solid color as in our sketch. Know a few curtain-making tips and you turn an ordinary pair of windows into a striking picture.

Sateens, rayon taffetas drape beautifully. For colors, how would you like burgundy with burgundy striped in turquoise?

So your curtains will hang in graceful even folds make the professional pinch pleats or French headings—a simple job.

First fold top of curtain over twice for heading (Diagram 1). Then mark off for pleats and spaces between (2).

Now bring ends of each pleat together, stitch from top to base of heading, and then press pleat in, forming two additional folds and fastening them as shown (3). For trimmer pleats, just flatten and stitch (4).

Other steps go as easily with professional curtain pointers. Our 32-page booklet gives complete directions and diagrams for all types of draperies, formal and informal; also glass curtains, drapery-curtains. Tells how to trim and finish; includes smart styles with swags, valances, cornices. Tips on fabrics, colors.

Send 15 cents in coins for your copy of "New Ideas in Making Curtains and Draperies" to Home Service Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

The following booklets are also available at 15 cents each.

- 112—"How to Make Slip Covers."
- 147—"How to Budget and Buy for Better Living."
- 155—"Glass Gardens and Novelty Indoor Gardens."
- 165—"How to Weave Useful Novelty Ties."
- 168—"Etiquette: The Correct Thing To Do."
- 180—"What You Should Know About Nursing."

More Recruits

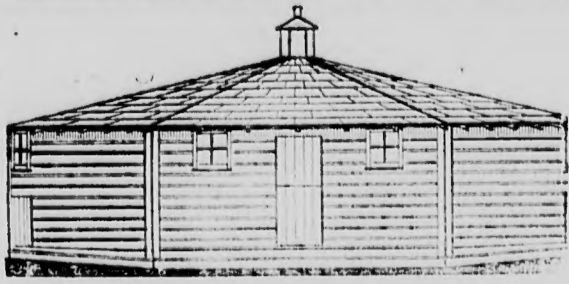
German Gestapo Are In Need Of New Material

Hints that the German Gestapo may be hard-pressed in coping with widespread disorder in German-occupied countries were contained in a German radio appeal quoted by the British Broadcasting Corporation. The radio issued an "urgent appeal" for new recruits to join the Nazi secret police. It added that pamphlets stressing the advantages of being a German spy can be obtained from all police stations at Hitler youth centres throughout Germany.

PATENTS

AN OFFER TO EVERY INVENTOR. List of inventions and full information sent free. THE RAMSAY COMPANY, Registered Patent Attorneys, 273 Bank Street, Ottawa, Canada.

ITCH STOPPED QUICKLY
Use **DDO**
Quick relief from itching eczema, rashes and other extremely caused skin troubles.
80c Bottle, at druggists proves it or money back



Build a REVELSTOKE Pig Brooder

... WHY? To avoid demoralizing losses in young pigs at farrowing; to lower cost of weaned pigs by saving larger litters; to lower cost of feeding by giving that important "start" that means better subsequent utilization of feed; to make you more profit in pig raising operations and to find a handy cash market for your crops by feeding your grain to pigs. Come in and see us for full particulars.

A Reminder—We have lots of GOOD coal on hand!

ATLAS LUMBER CO., LTD.

DICK WALLACE, Mgr.

Phone 125



"Never, in the field of human conflict was so much owed to so few."

Three Canadian fighter squadrons already in the thick of it. The Royal Canadian Air Force with 25,000 officers and men to take up the task so gallantly begun... 6,000 in training under the Commonwealth Plan. 2,000 more to be enlisted almost at once.

Faster... faster the wheels of industry turn to provide the machines so urgently needed now. Orders for aircraft totaling \$100,000,000 already placed. More coming...

The price of freedom comes high... in lives, in personal sacrifice... in hard cold dollars. Canadians gladly pay the price.

At this proud hour it is the plain duty of every working Canadian to save, that he may be prepared to lend his savings to the nation when the call for money comes. For come it will if Canada is to play her part worthily in this struggle for freedom and human decency.

Build up your savings now... Keep at it

(Figures approximate as at Nov. 1, 1941)

Save for Victory

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

DIDSBURY (Alberta) BRANCH.

F. DUNLOP, Manager

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE

For Sale—2 Purebred Leghorn Cockerels, blood tested and government approved. Price \$2.00 each. Apply Cecil Malloch. (31p)

Farm For Sale.—I am offering the W. 1/2 of Sec 33-Twp 31-Rge 3-W.5, for sale at a sacrifice, with a cash payment of \$2,000. Note: This farm not for rent. For terms inquire of: (24p)

W. R. Cross, Olds, Alberta.

WANTED

Wanted.—Two Well Bred Young Turkey Hens, also Two R.I. Red Cockerels. Have several nice bronze gobblers for sale. (31p)

Apply to Geo. Burns, ph 508

Wanted.—Car of Feed Barley, 1,700 bushels. Will pay 25¢ at Didsbury. Apply to (2c)

Reid Clarke, phone 310

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

In the Matter of the Estate of HUGH WESLEY CHAMBERS, late of the Town of Didsbury, in the Province of Alberta, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above-named Hugh Wesley Chambers, who died on the 18th day of November, A.D. 1940, are required to file with the undersigned Executor of the Will of the said deceased, by the 28th day of February, 1941, a full statement, duly verified, of their claims and of any security held by them, and that after that date the Executor will distribute the assets of the deceased, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed, or which have been brought to his knowledge.

Dated this 14th day of January, 1941
W. A. AUSTIN,
Solicitor,
Didsbury, Alberta, Executor

Heavy demands for auto license refunds was reported by the provincial secretary's department last week. The final date for qualifying was January 10, and plates forwarded to the department prior to that time entitled the car owner to a 20 per cent. refund of his license fee.

LOCAL & GENERAL

Valentines—1 cent to 35c cents. —Law's Drug Store.

Pte. Alf Brusso, who spent about two weeks' furlough at his home here, returned on Tuesday to his duties at Debert, Nova Scotia.

Gunners Cliff Robertson and John Walders, who had been with the R.C.A. at Calgary, were moved to Winnipeg last week.

Jack Morton and Clarence Cunningham, who went to Calgary last week to join the R.C.A.F., have been sent to Brandon for training.

Tomorrow night at Melvin: Ken Moore and his orchestra. Gents 50c and ladies 25c.

Miss Rena Mowers, stenographer at the bank for the past few years, has been transferred to the Royal Bank at Hanna and left for that city on Friday.

Gene Stratton Porter's pulse-quickenning romance of a son of the soil, "Laddie," at the theatre this week. "The smile, the tears of boyhood's years—The words of love then spoken."—Thomas Moore.

This Saturday, January 18th, Dr. Johnson and a nurse from Calgary will be in town to examine the members of the St. John's Ambulance Home Nursing Class. Examinations commence at 2 p.m.

Harold Gulliver, of the Royal Bank, was called for his 30-days' military training and left last week for Red Deer Camp. Mr. Bill Welsh, who comes here from Innisfail, is relieving Mr. Gulliver at the bank.

The Rosebud Hotel is being renovated this week. Painters are busy at work and the entire lower floor will be repainted, while the halls and many of the rooms on the upper floors will also be redecorated.

The Annual Meeting of St. Cyprian's Church will convene at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Lowrie on Thursday evening, January 23rd, at 8. The annual meeting of the W.A. will be held immediately after the church meeting.

Another Burns Supper, with short-program and dance, featuring Scottish numbers, will be held at the Rugby Hall on Friday, January 24. Supper at 7 p.m. Merry-makers 5-Piece Orchestra. Reserve the date for this big annual event.

Ten great stars! Two glorious love stories! 1,000 unforgettable thrills! The early days of the Riel rebellion brought to you in Technicolor. "North West Mounted Police" here next Friday-Saturday, the 24th-25th, matinee Friday at 4 p.m.

The Didsbury Wheat Club boys are holding a dance at the Didsbury East Community Hall on Wednesday, January 22nd. Otto Faas and his orchestra supply the music. 50c a couple. Prize drawing on a ton of coal and a 4-pound ham. All roads lead to Mt. View Hall next Wednesday. Support our young grain growers and enjoy yourselves at the same time.

J. Everett Birdsall, M.Sc., has been appointed a district agriculturist, with headquarters at Thorsby, Alberta, according to an announcement made on January 8th by Hon. Bruce McMillan, minister of agriculture. Mr. Birdsall was a former resident of the Didsbury district and is a graduate of the University of Alberta. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Birdsall, who reside east of Didsbury.

Action to form a Provincial Poultry Board as indicated by the recent plebiscite, was taken last Thursday, when delegates of producers named 16 of their number for consideration as appointees. The board will be named in the near future and will have a producer majority.

NOTICE

Dr. Clarke will be absent from his office for some time, but the office will be open as usual.

Office work will be most conveniently done between 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. Appointments can be made, or calls arranged, by phoning the office during the day or Dr. Clarke's residence after 6 p.m.

Office 63. Residence 128

HOCKEY

Mission Monarchs Margin 2-Goal Lead Over Didsbury High In Saturday Exhibition

Pressed to the limit every inch of the way, Calgary Mission Monarchs managed to eke out a 3-1 win over Didsbury High School here Saturday night.

Soft ice made passing plays fail time and again, but the crowd on hand were well pleased with the aggressive action of both teams, as play was fairly evenly divided and both goalkeepers were kept busy in the many scrambles around the nets.

Monarchs opened the scoring with a solo rush by J. Wells when he outwitted the defence and went in on Holub alone to score. In the second period a blueline shot from Wyman's stick found the upper corner of the Calgary net and the score was tied up. The next Calgary goal was shot from beside the net at an impossible angle and, in the opinion of the players and spectators, must have passed through a hole which was later discovered in the net.

In the third, the High tried hard for the equalizer, but in a scramble round their own goal one of the Didsbury forwards had the sad experience of deflecting the puck into his own net, making the final score: Calgary Mission Monarchs 3, Didsbury High School 1.

Line-ups:

Monarchs: Lait; McKenzie and Young; Totten, Woodlock, Van Norman. Subs: Wells, Harness, Black, Allen.

High: M. Holub; Wyman, Shantz; Buhr, B. Rinehart, J. Holub. Subs: G. Levagood, R. Edwards, G. Kercher.

Referee: Lawrence Gabel.

This was the third game for the High School team this season. In a home and home series with Crossfield they won both games, the first 4-2 in overtime, the second 6-3.

Flashing into play-off style, the High School swamped their Olds rivals here Tuesday night by an 8-2 score in the first game of the High School League for either team.

The first period yielded a goal for each team, but in the second Didsbury penetrated the visitors' defence to rap in four more counters, while Olds scored once on a breakaway when Bob Scott, sailing in on the Didsbury goal all alone, gave Barrett no chance to save.

In the third, Didsbury found the net three more times, each goal the result of smart combination by the forward line.

Line ups

Olds: W. Hanson; G. Laycock, H. Gridale; B. Anderson, B. Scott, B. Haldane. Subs: C. Beer, S. Morrison, A. Hammer. Didsbury: B. Barrett; B. Rinehart, E. Cummins, E. Durrer, H. Burns; G. Levagood, G. Kercher, R. Edwards. Subs: B. Buhr, B. Carleton, J. Holub. Referee: Lawrence Gabel.

The weekly raffle of a \$5.00 War Savings Certificate by the hockey team was won by Mrs. E. Klinek.

Evangelical Church Notes

Next Sunday morning the pastor will preach the second of the series of sermons on Prayer. The sermon will deal with "God's Encouragement to Prayer."

In the evening, "The Revival of Religion" will be the subject. We invite you to attend each of these services and also to join our strong and growing Sabbath School. Both numerically and financially, our Sabbath School had the best year in its history in 1940.

Three religious sects in Alberta were refused exemptions applicable to their adherents, when they applied for release from military training obligations. Announcing the decision of the Alberta War Services Board, Chief Justice Harvey said in effect, "They are not religious denominations whose tenets of faith forbid the bearing of arms." The sects are the Christian Conventions, Moravian Church and International Bible Students. According to the regulations their conscientious objections should have been included in their tenets prior to Sept. 1, 1939.

Ranton's

WEEKLY STORE NEWS

Save a Dollar on your New Dress!

Silk and Crepe DRESSES

Selling at Special Prices

\$4.95 dresses for \$3.95
\$4.95 dresses for \$2.95

Shop the Ranton Way and SAVE!

Whatever the temperature... keep it even!

for a GOOD MEAL or a GOOD LUNCH

EAT AT THE

Bright Spot..

Special Bargain Fares

CALGARY AND RETURN

from DIDSBURY \$1.20

Correspondingly Low Fares from Intermediate Stations

Good Going JANUARY 24-25 RETURN JANUARY 27.

These bargain fare tickets will also be honored on the "Chinook"

Good in Coaches only. No baggage checked. For additional information and train schedule, consult Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent.

Canadian Pacific

SEE YOUR Imperial Oil Agent for all kinds of Lubricants and Greases

TRACTOR FUEL 12c plus tax

IVAN WEBER Residence 61. Phone 56

Supporters of General Charles deGaulle's Free French organization in Edmonton have received their charter of incorporation from the Department of War Services, Ottawa. The Dominion organization of which they are a member unit, is known as "Franc Quand Meme," or "France Forever." Their objectives are to aid in the rehabilitation of the French nation, encourage and maintain interest in French art and letters. Sub-committees will be formed in local districts.